



Title: Indoor CO2 monitoring system using microcontroller via Bluetooth for coronavirus prevention

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Mexico	Colombia	Guatemala
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Ecuador	Taiwan	of Congo
Peru	Paraguay	Nicaragua

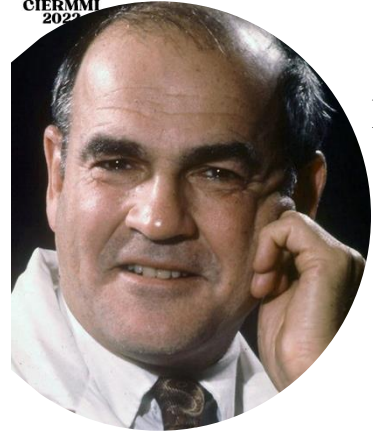


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1980



1983



1984



2000

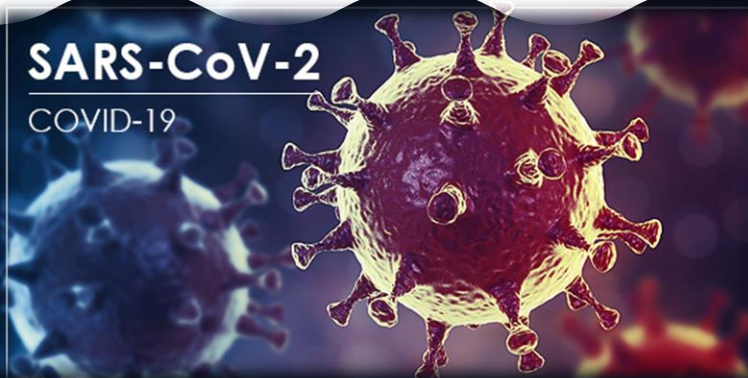


S. XIX

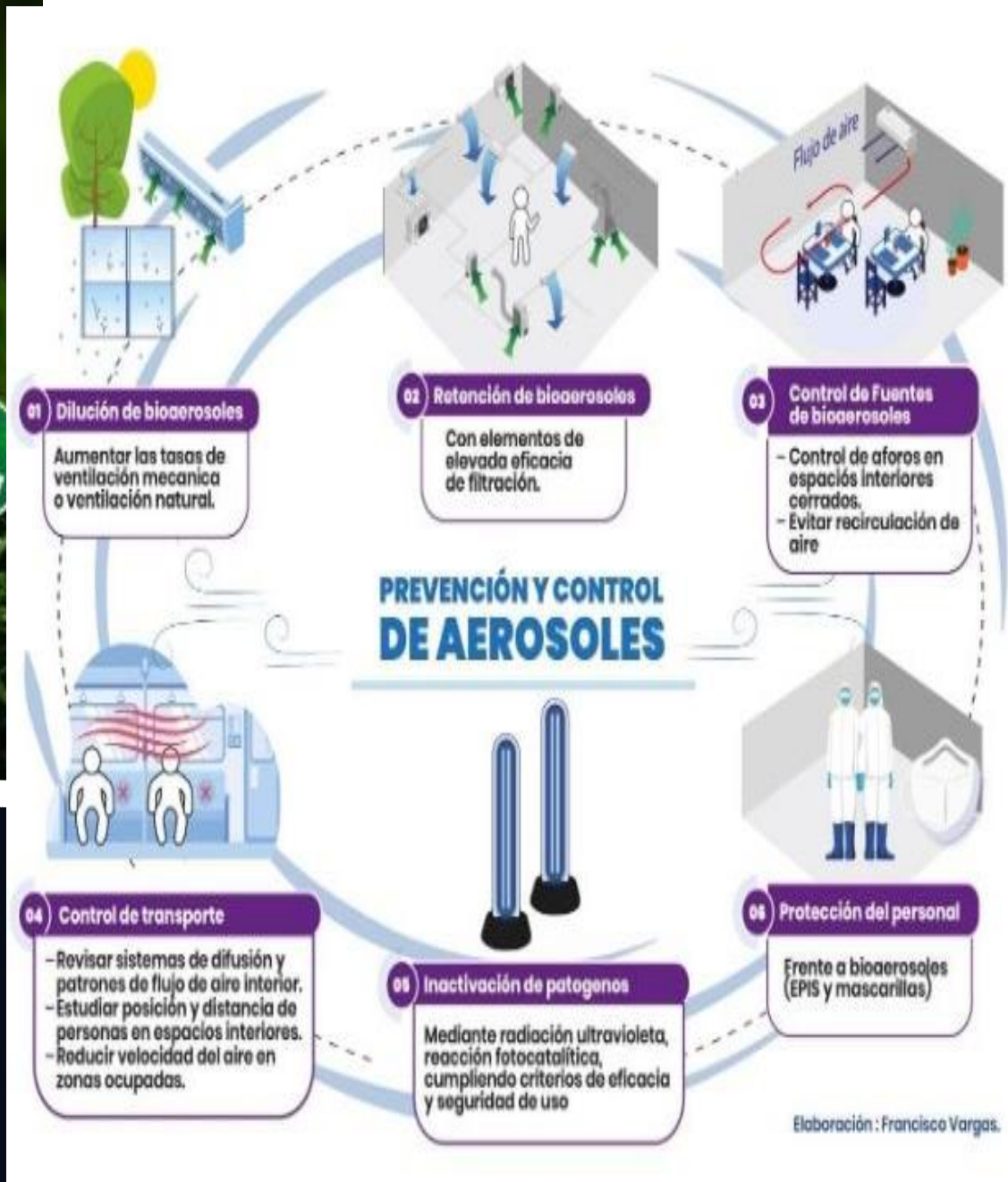
1992

Sistema SmartPill™ Medtronic

Introduction



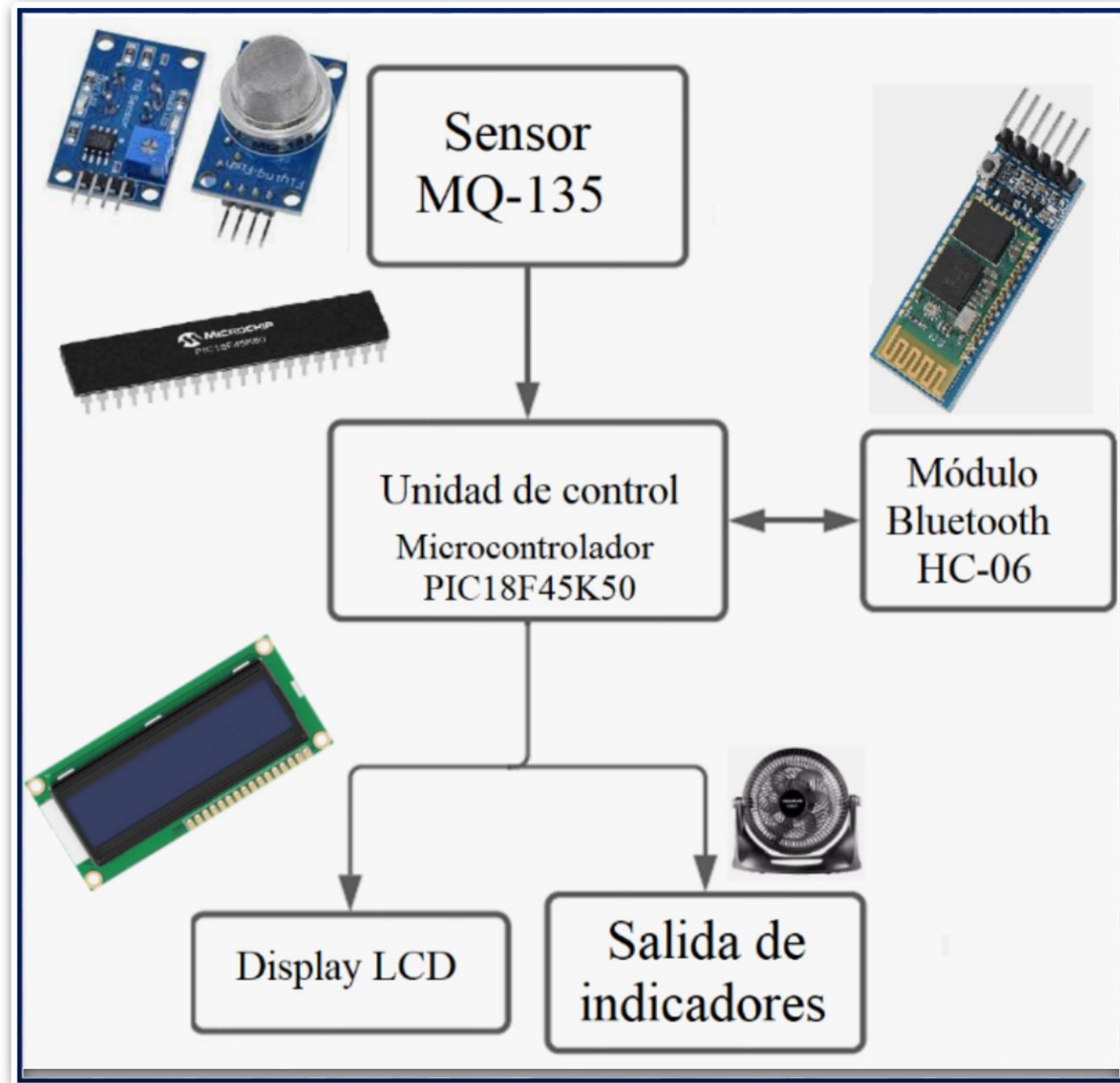
Introduction



Objetivo

Design and implement a CO₂ level detection system within a given area, through a bluetooth alert system, on a mobile device, using a microcontroller.

Methodology

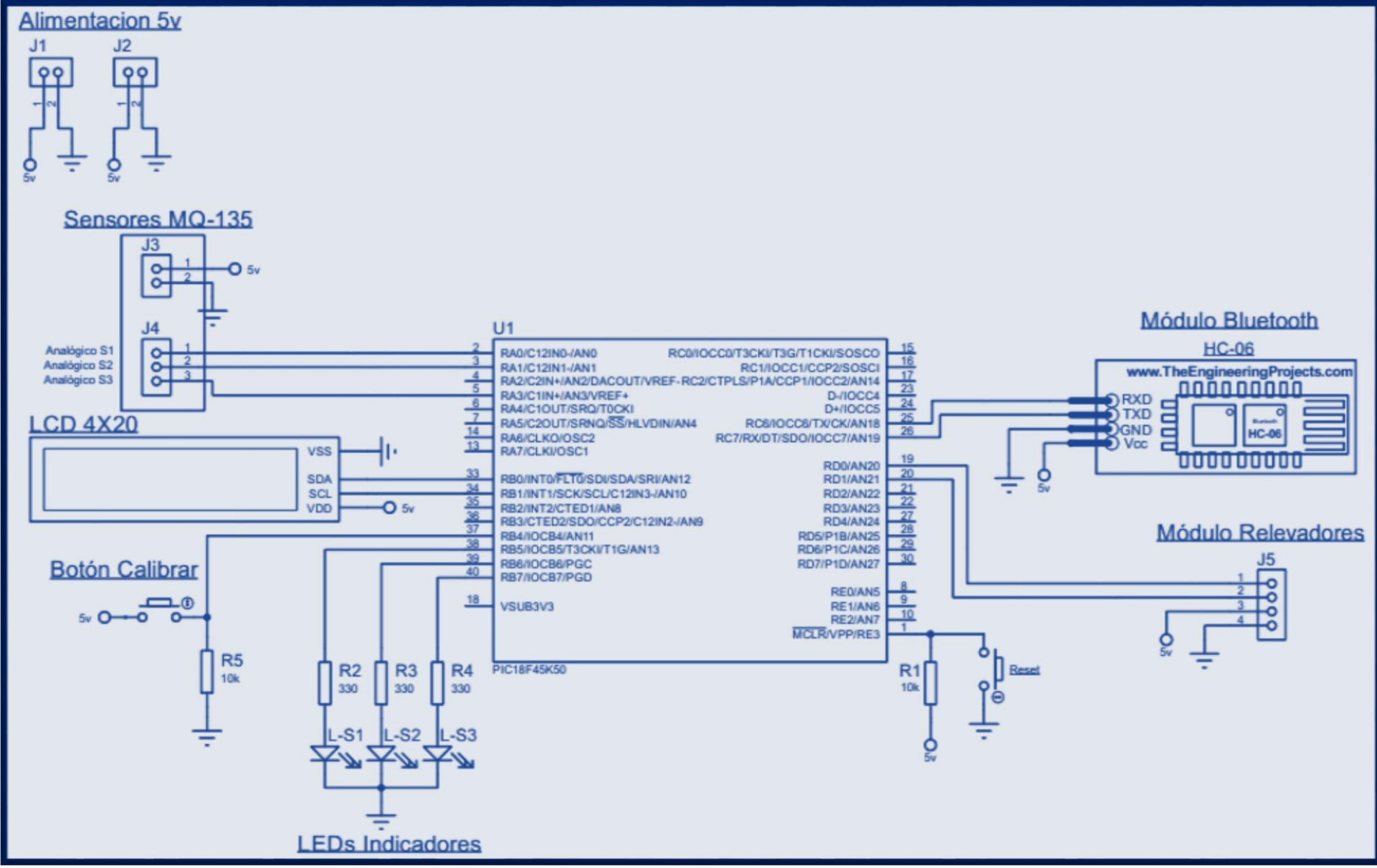




Methodology



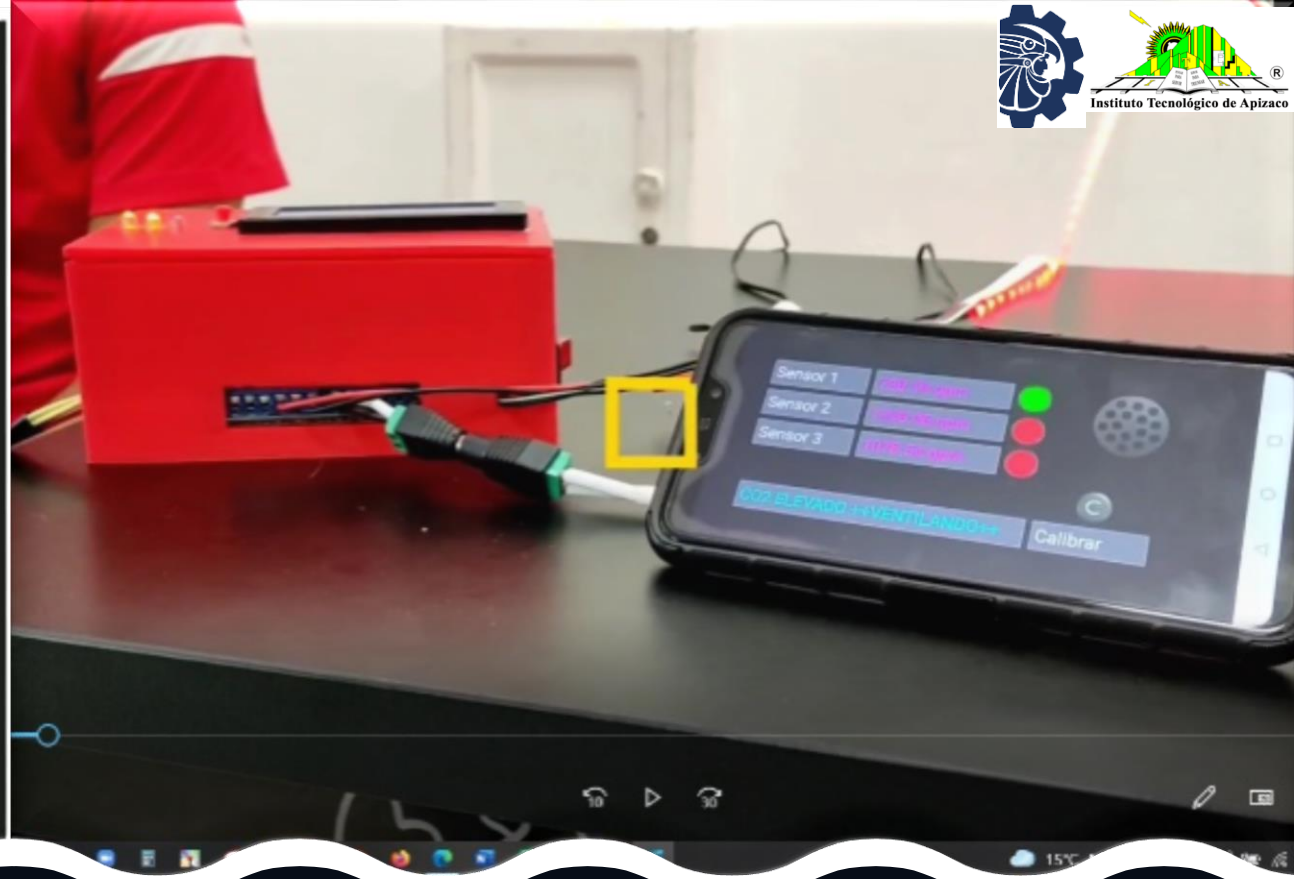
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Sensor 1		●	●
Sensor 2		●	●
Sensor 3		●	●
Calibrando: 3 / 300		Calibrar	



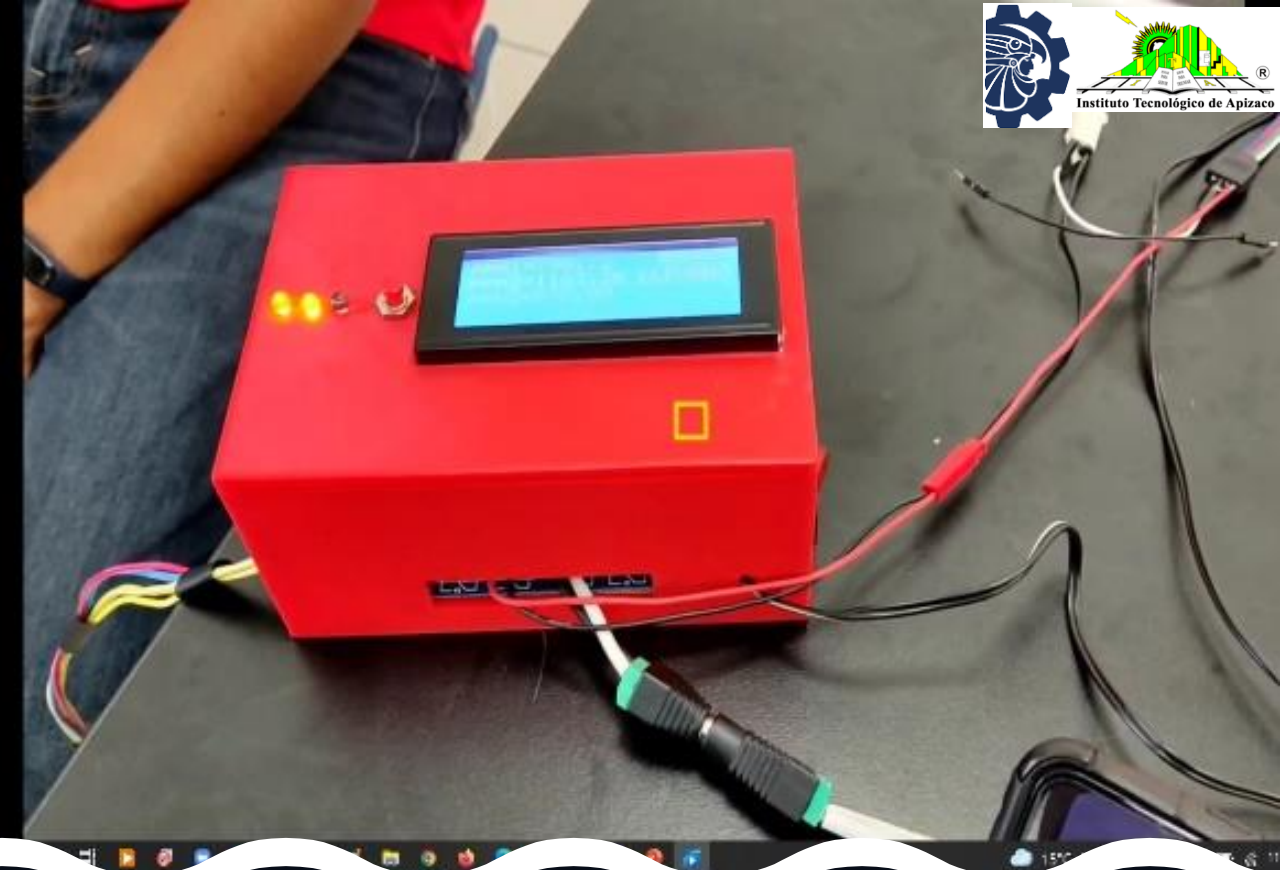
Methodology



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Sensor de gas MQ2

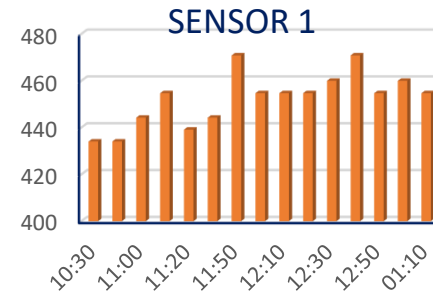


Results

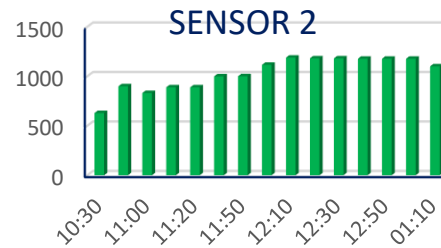
Results

Tabla 1. Mediciones de los 3 sensores monitores del CO₂.

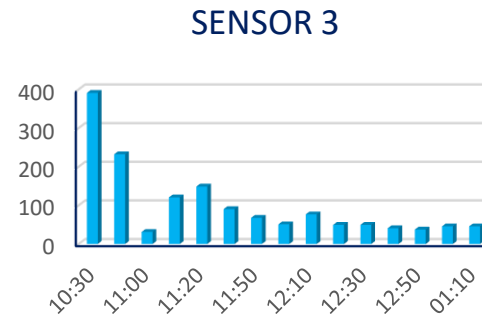
HORA	SENSOR 1	SENSOR 2	SENSOR 3
10:30	434.05	628.89	391.02
10:40	434.05	899.19	232.12
11:00	444.23	831.24	31.28
11:10	454.67	888.85	120.61
11:20	439.11	888.85	148.7
11:40	444.23	999.19	90.3
11:50	470.82	1000.47	67.73
12:00	454.67	1116.11	50.97
12:10	454.67	1188.6	76.56
12:20	454.67	1181.18	49.61
12:30	459.98	1181.18	49.61
12:40	470.82	1177.37	40.84
12:50	454.67	1177.37	37.45
01:00	459.98	1177.35	45.7
01:10	454.67	1100.47	45.7



2 metros



4 metros



6 metros



Conclusions

Currently keeping work environments free from the possibility of contagion of coronavirus is paramount. Prevention is achieved with the sum and correct application of different strategies. Among them, the monitoring of CO₂ indoors, placing extractors or fans as a corrective action for SARS-CoV-2 contagion. Being this a technological, avant-garde and economical way to keep healthy the population that needs to live together for long periods of time inside closed buildings.

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